

The Carbon Advocate.

H. V. MOTTIMER, EDITOR

LEHIGHTON, PA.:
SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1878.

A meeting of the Republican County Committee is called for August 29th, and a full attendance requested. The meeting will be held in the Gazette office, Mauch Chunk, at 2 o'clock p. m.

It is positively asserted by those who profess to know, that the Greenbackers of Carbon county intend to diet themselves on onions from now until election in order to make a good show of strength in the contest for official pay!

Pension Agents have received orders from Washington requiring all widows drawing personal pensions to be accompanied by two witnesses able to prove that the widow has not been married since the previous payment. There are 2500 of these claims on the list, requiring the personal attendance of 7500 persons.

The Democratic Convention, of Schuylkill county, met Monday in Pottsville, and nominated the following ticket:
Congress—John W. Ryan.
Treasurer—Louis Stoffregen.
Prothonotary—Thos. F. Kerns.
Recorder—John A. Roilly.
Register—Richard Rahn.
Clerk of Court—O. J. Argegood.

A Washington correspondent says the United States Treasurer is daily in receipt of letters from bankers in all parts of the country, the tenor of which is generally expressed in the following, received on Saturday from an Eastern bank:

"Is there any way of using our surplus silver with the Department? We are making strenuous efforts to float it, but find it a great undertaking. The discount and freight is too heavy to pass it over to the brokers."
The Treasurer is obliged to answer that he has no use for it, and cannot drain the glutted market in the Western States, and particularly in Kansas, Iowa and Missouri. There is waiting over the amount of trade dollars and Mexican dollars which have accumulated in these parts, and which can no longer be circulated except at their value in bullion.

A special from Washington to the New York Times says the Pacific Railroad Companies affected by the recent land decision of Secretary Schurz have formed a combination, and propose an active resistance. They have issued a circular informing all parties that any attempt to pre-empt their lands under the decision of the Interior Department will be resisted and the parties ejected. They also give notice of their purpose to ignore what they term "the so-called decision of the Secretary of the Interior," and that they will continue the sale of lands as heretofore, at prices fixed by the respective companies. It is probable a test case will be made shortly in order to have the question at issue adjudicated by the courts. Numerous applicants are being received at the Interior Department from persons desiring to pre-empt under Secretary Schurz's decision, asking for information as to the character and location of the unsold lands. No steps have as yet been taken to furnish the information asked, and applicants are simply supplied with printed copies of the Secretary's decision.

Comparison of the condition of the U. S. Treasury August 1, 1878, and August 1, 1878:

	1877.	1878.
BALANCES	1877.	1878.
Currency	\$ 9,211,606 34	\$ 1,105,317 63
Special fund for redemption of free currency	8,161,828 00	10,060,000 00
Special deposits		
Legal Tenders for redemption of Cert. of Deposit	55,495,000 00	51,200,000 00
Gold	87,962,995 59	207,07,802 49
Coin	17 8 7/100 00	46,631,540 00
Coin, less Cert. and 5/16 Cert.	90,995,555 59	161,370,522 49
Outstanding Cert. of Deposit	11,198,500 00	8,561,650 00
Other outstanding cert. of Deposit	12,714,809 82	8,904,705 62
Outstanding U. S. Bonds	239,064,223 00	246,081,616 00
U. S. Bonds	19,784,353 39	16,450,266 37
Outstanding U. S. Bonds	24,221,209 15	20,164,451 95
Total	2,660,389,248 42	2,625,589,824 85
Deficit of 1878	818,991 84	206,308 97
Deficit of 1879	818,991 84	206,308 97
Market value of Gold	16 37	16 56
Import of gold	451,323,126 00	417,081,232 61
Export of gold	672,475,229 00	694,464,230 00

Kearney as a "Classic Thief."

The admirers of the "man eloquent," Dennis Kearney, will no doubt be struck, upon comparing the following extracts, with the close similarity of the utterances of Tom Fitch, the "silver-tongued" orator of Nevada, and eloquent (?) Dennis in Faneuil Hall, Boston, on Monday evening last.

Look as they will
[From Speech of Dennis Kearney in Boston, August 1, 1878.]
In order to beat me, let me give brief attention to the popular will and expression that went up from many thousand earnest meeting to-night, let Republicans, etc, when a certain man spoke, "and send me name was mentioned, sage of love and great I feel like bringing aing to him who is message of greeting, lower than Macbeth, and love to the man yet greater." Fitch, who is lesser than yet unsurpassable Macbeth, yet greater; the Report of debate, to that fiery and in-chivalrous, white-comparable Report of plumed Navarre of debate; (Voice, "Good the platform sagacious!") to that chivalrous statesman, great and white-plumed, hearted leader, gilded of Navarre of the red-haubt, glorious ruin—gallant, gifted, glorious Butler, (great applause and cries, "Say it again!")

A good thing will be repeating, perhaps, and Dennis may be innocent of paltering the speech of Fitch, in order to save \$2.50, the figure at which he claims, in his Massachusetts speech, to be able to get all the eloquence he needs.

The remedies thus far suggested to Mr. Hewitt's committee on the stagnation of business and industry are the following:

- Abolish capitalists.
- Abolish interest.
- Abolish private ownership of land.
- Abolish private property.
- Abolish the patent laws.
- Abolish the customs duties.
- Abolish all laws for the collection of bills of credit.
- Abolish private ownership of machinery.
- Abolish the practice of giving Government land to railroads.
- Prohibit employment of children under 14.
- Prohibit the employment of anybody but citizens on public works.
- Prohibit the doing of public work by contract.
- Prohibit Chinese immigration.
- Lay a graduated tax on incomes to prevent large accumulations of property.
- Furnish Government work for unemployed.
- Open industrial schools at the expense of the Government.
- Raise the income of the Government by direct taxation.
- Build 2000 war vessels.
- Put the soldiers at work on the prairies.
- Enact a universal eight hour law.
- Create a Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- Create a Department of Industry.
- Make it illegal for women to work long hours.
- Have all the machinery be run on cooperative principles for the benefit of the people.
- Amend the Constitution for the benefit of the laboring men.
- Establish Government cooperative societies.
- Make the administrations of justice gratuitous.
- Give everybody the right to vote—women included.
- Establish minority representation.
- Let the Government issue unlimited greenbacks.
- Call in all Government bonds and national bank notes.
- Let the Government own and run all railroads and telegraph lines.
- Keep politicians out of office.
- Submit all laws to the people for approval or condemnation.
- Abolish the United States Senate.
- Abolish the practice of licensing tenement cigar factories.
- Abolish the wages system.
- Rescind the powers of the President and House of Representatives.
- Compel persons to spend their money as soon as possible after they get it.
- Abolish the tariff.
- Colonize the unemployed on the prairies.
- Fix the rate of wages by law.
- Let Congress pass a prohibitory liquor law.
- Lend \$4,000,000,000 to the people without interest.
- Legislate so that the people may have two half holidays every week.
- Pass a general apprentice law.
- Issue United States bonds in lower denominations than \$50.
- Resume specie payments immediately.
- Reduce the taxes.
- Impose a tax on steamships to give sailing vessels a better chance.
- Pass a general lien law.
- Repeal all laws relating to whoever will pay the highest taxes to the Government.
- Prevent the locking up of trust funds by assignees.
- Provide free travel on railroads at the expense of the Government.

Points in Politics.

A native American convention has been called in Vermont.

The republican canvass in Pennsylvania promises to be quite lively next month.

Schuyler Colfax, greenbacker and republican, does not care for office any more. He likes the honors but not the abuse.

Senator Beck, of Kentucky, regards the labors of the Potter committee "as a scheme to make a martyr of Sam Tilden."

Some one in Massachusetts is disposed to bet that General Butler will be a delegate to the Democratic State Convention this fall.

Lime Springs (Iowa) Tribune:—"Conkling and Washburne is the ticket that will sweep the country in 1880. Hurrah for Conkling and Washburne."

Cincinnati Gazette:—"The clerks in Postmaster General Key's department are said to have contributed more money to the republican campaign fund than the clerks of any other department."

Here is the platform upon which stands the Vicksburg Herald:—"We are against secession, for the old flag and an appropriation, and extremely anxious to know who will be the Doorkeeper of the next House of Representatives."

Cincinnati Gazette:—"Beverly Douglas, the Virginia Congressman, explains to his constituents that the reason he drank so much during the session of Congress was that he was trying to drown the memory of the fact that he voted for the Electoral Commission bill. Until he cast that vote against his best judgment he was a sober man. It is said that this defence is making him stout again in his district."

Utopian Republican:—"Government must do directly for the people everything of a general or public nature which it has delegated to the monopolists. Whichever supplanor there may be over and above supplying current wants and needs must be employed in carrying out a well considered system of public works—on our highways and channels of transportation and on all other needed public works—until we have magnificent highways, through irrigation and many other things, until the surface of our country is transformed into a veritable Garden of Eden."

Philadelphia Press:—"George C. Gorham, Secretary of the Republican Congressional Committee, has been through the State, and thus sums up the situation as he found it:—"It is confidently predicted by the best republicans in the State that the party can carry two districts now represented by democrats, and, while the State ticket is steadily gaining in strength, there seems to be absolutely no factional spirit within the party. The Legislature will undoubtedly be republican by a good working majority. It is not probable that any republican name will be presented in opposition to Senator Don Cameron."

Mobile Register:—"The Colonel R. H. Lee, who wants to go to Congress from the Eighth district of Virginia, now represented by Eppa Hunton, is not a son of the late General Robert E. Lee. He is the son of

the late Edmund Jennings Lee, and grandson of Richard Henry Lee, of Revolutionary fame. He is a cousin of General Lee, and the same gentleman who read the Declaration of Independence at the opening of the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia, Pa."

St. Louis Globe-Democrat:—"Mr. Hayes would be astonished to know the amount of enthusiasm which the omission of his name creates in a republican convention in these parts."

Boston Traveller:—"There never was a period when demagogues did not tell the people they were suffering from 'hard times' and when they did not promise a millennium if put into the office they sought."

Jefferson Davis, so it is stated in the Mississippi journals, has an idea of running for United States Senator in place of Senator Bruce. His friends are urging him to stand his chances before the Senate for the removal of his political disabilities.

Our Paris Letter.

Frederick Palace—From the Time of Adam to Edison—Relics and Curiosities of all Ages and from all Countries—Americans Abroad.

PARIS, July 20, 1878.

The right wing of the Frederick palace, the annex to the Main building, is devoted to antiquities, which have been so arranged as to give a connected view of the progressive development of the arts, and form a fitting introduction to their present advanced condition. Even the pre-historic relics of the human race are displayed there to complete the series. The Exposition is thus not only of the present, but of the past. It gives the history of human labor in various countries from the earliest periods, and becomes to a great degree an exposition of mental development of the human race. It is impossible to pass successively from the inspection of the implements of stone, bronze, iron and finally of steel, without recognizing a progressive development of humanity. The galleries of the antiquities makes the Exhibition an unwritten history of civilization which every one can read, of whatever nation or language. It teaches the peasant and the scholar, and teaches history and philosophy by the contrast of the productions of human labor of all periods and countries. The French exhibit is the most complete as a whole, and is divided by partitions into a series of halls or apartments, so as to more distinctly mark the different periods. The pre-historic period is brought boldly forward by the extensive collections which have been made in various parts of Europe during the past ten years such as implements of stone from the bone caverns, peat bogs, and from the lake dwellings, of Switzerland. The cases are filled with enormous spear heads of flint, hammers and other rudely made implements formed by chipping and without polish. These occur in association with the bones and teeth of the extinct cave bear, the elephant, and the mastodon, and specimens of these are displayed in the same cases. These rudely-made implements are supposed to belong to the first or earliest stone period. A second or later period of the stone age is indicated by implements of a superior finish; such as were ground down to the smooth surfaces and in some instances polished. The next hall contains instruments of the bronze period, extending to the Gallo-Roman. The objects consist chiefly of cutting instruments, agricultural implements, lamps, and objects of ornament, such as bracelets of bronze and of gold, rings, and pins. Of the latter a large collection contains pins with a shield for the points, and a spiral spring at the back almost identical in form with some of the patent pins of the present day.

The next hall is devoted to the Celtic and Gallic relics, and contains the remarkable golden necklaces from the museum of Toulouse. The representation of the work of the middle ages is characterized by a variety of church ornaments and relics, such as oak chests, seals, caskets, croziers, bronzes set with masses of rock-crystal, like those of China and Japan; ivory carvings, illuminated missals of vellum, swords and chain armor.

The fifth hall contains objects of the sixteenth century, or the Renaissance period. Here are found curiously fashioned iron locks and keys, cutting instruments, jewels and a few nearly spectral watches. The enamels of Lunenburg occupies a large space, and come in great part from the collection of Louis Bonaparte.

At the entrance of the sixth hall, representing the arts of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries a curious collection of high-leathered boots and shoes attract considerable attention. Here also are seen the famous of Rouen, and the production of the renowned, Pallissy, old furniture, mirrors, inlaid cabinets, black letter books, and specimens of book-binding. The collections of this period are continued in the halls beyond, and contain the porcelains of Sevres, richly wrought table services of silver, tapestries, miniatures, snuff boxes, thread-lace and elaborately decorated fans. Although the collection of antiquities as a whole is very large and interesting it can not be regarded as a complete exhibit of the progress of human labor up to the present time. The wonderful advances made in the mechanical arts of the present century and the various applications of science to the arts, are not historically shown. The collection is also deficient in representations of the ancient arts, and civilization of China, Japan, of Egypt, Mexico, Central America, and Peru.

Somebody has said, that Americans make the best Frenchmen of all the foreigners who flock here from all parts of the globe; and what I have seen of our beloved countrymen abroad, I am inclined to believe that such is really the fact. The English are always the *Reu de Reu*, affect nothing but dog-carts and drags on the Boulevard and in the Bois de Boulogne, and when they condescend to learn French, never speak it without the peculiar nasal cockney twang of Epsomville. The Russians, of whom there are always a large colony here, are intensely *Rosse* in everything, and spend more money on diamonds, champagne, and questionable wares, than all the other foreigners put together. The Germans, of whom we have also a great many here, are, as a rule, of an economical turn of mind; patronize cheap restaurants and third-class hotels, and associate with nothing so readily as beer. They are the least popular of all the foreigners here, for Paris has not yet forgotten 1871. But an American has not been a week in Paris before he waxes his moustache, buys a plug hat of the latest Parisian style at *Omnibus*, sports lavender kids and a whole bone case with an ivory leg for a handle, wears narrow trousers, and lightly-fitting chevisee sack-coat and patent leather boots, and says "see please," and "good morning," every five minutes.

—There will be a partial eclipse of the moon on Monday next, Aug. 12th, in the evening.

CANDIDATES.

Notices under this head will be inserted until the meeting of the County Convention for \$5.00 each, each in advance.

For Register and Recorder,
SAM'L R. GILHAM,
Of Franklin.
Subject to Republican rules.

For County Treasurer,
REV. C. G. EICHENBERG,
Of Franklin.
Subject to Democratic rules.

For County Treasurer,
JOHN CONWAY,
Of Mauch Chunk.
Subject to Democratic rules.

For County Treasurer,
MAX. SCHWEIBINZ,
Of East Mauch Chunk.
An old live worker in the party. Subject to Democratic rules.

New Advertisements.

H. A. PETER,
OF THE
Central Drug Store,
LEUCKEL'S BLOCK, LEHIGHTON, PA.
Offers to the public a full line of
PURE DRUGS and CHEMICALS,
PURE MEDICINES, HORSE and CATTLE POWDERS, TOILET ARTICLES, SPONGES, CHAMOIS SKINS, PLAIN and FANCY STATIONERY, LITHO ARTS OF PLAIN and FANCY WALL PAPERS, at 1/10 less to suit the times. PURE WINES and LIQUORS for medicinal use, &c. Physician's prescriptions compounded by MYSELF at all hours of the day and night, Sunday included. All offered at very reasonable prices. Thank you for the people for their past favors, I solicit a continuance in the future. H. A. PETER.
March 24, 78-79

CENTRAL CARRIAGE AND SLEIGH WORKS,

Opposite T. D. Clauss',
Bank St., Lehighton, Pa.,
Is prepared to manufacture any description of
Carriages, Buggies, Sleighs, Spring Wagons, &c.
Repairing Promptly Attended to.
All work done at this establishment is guaranteed to be of the very best material and workmanship, and the prices fully as low as the same articles can be purchased elsewhere.
Special inducements offered to strictly cash customers.
M. C. TREXLER & CO.
JULY 21, 1877.
CHEAP
JOB PRINTING OFFICE,
LEHIGHTON, PA.
Every description of Printing, from a
Visiting Card to a Poster.
CARDS, BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, STATEMENTS, PROGRAMMES, POSTERS, HAND BILLS, DODGERS, CIRCULARS, SHIPPING TAGS, ENVELOPES, PAMPHLETS, BY LAWS, &c. &c.
Done in the best manner, at very lowest prices.
We are prepared to do work at as cheap rates as any office in the state that deals honestly with its customers.
OUR MOTTO IS
Cheap, Prompt & Reliable.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

SPRING ARRIVAL!

The undersigned announces to the ladies of Lehighton and vicinity that he is now receiving and opening a large assortment of **SPRING GOODS**, comprising **LADIES' DRESS GOODS**, such as Matalasses, Delaines, Coburgs, Alpacas, &c. Also, a large stock of **PRINTS and GENERAL DRY GOODS**, which he is offering **AT EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES FOR CASH.**

Groceries and Provisions a Specialty, at prices to suit the times. Clover, Timothy, Hungarian, and all kinds of Field and Garden Seeds, **VERY CHEAP.**

TILGHMAN ARNER,
Opposite the L. & S. Depot, BANK Street, LEHIGHTON, PENN'A.
May 6, 1879-y1

SPRING STYLES.

Dress Suits, Business Suits, Youths' Suits, Boys' Suits.

Made up from the best material, in the latest styles, and perfect fits guaranteed, at lowest prices for cash. ALSO, TREMENDOUS SLAUGHTER IN THE PRICES OF Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Call and examine Goods and Prices before making your purchases elsewhere.
T. D. CLAUSS, Merchant Tailor,
2nd door above the Public Square, BANK STREET, Lehighton

JUST RECEIVED! The White

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' Ready-made Linen Suits AT POPULAR PRICES. Also, a splendid line of SUITINGS, LINENS, GRENADINES, and WHITE GOODS at Low Prices.

Large Stock Sewing Machine

THE EASIEST SELLING, THE BEST SATISFYING

Its introduction and World-renowned reputation was the death-blow to high-priced machines. THERE ARE NO SECOND-HAND WHITE MACHINES IN THE MARKET. This is a very important matter, as it is well known and understood fact that many of the so-called first-class machines which are offered so cheap now-a-days are those that have been repossessed (that is, taken back from customers after use) and rebuilt and put upon the market as new. THE WHITE IS THE PEER OF ANY SEWING MACHINE NOW UPON THE MARKET. IT IS MUCH LARGER THAN THE FAMILY MACHINES OF THE SINGER, HOWE AND WEEB MAKE. IT COSTS MORE TO MANUFACTURE THAN EITHER OF THE AFORESAID MACHINES. ITS CONSTRUCTION IS SIMPLE, POSITIVE AND DURABLE. ITS WORKMANSHIP IS UNSURPASSED. Do not Buy any other before trying the WHITE. Prices and Terms Made Satisfactory. **AGENTS WANTED!** White Sewing Machine Co., CLEVELAND, O. **JOHN H. FAGA,** AGENT FOR CARBON COUNTY, May 4, 78-79 MAUCH CHUNK, PA.

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EGGS FOR EGG PRODUCTION AND PROFIT! No fowls can equal FOR Eggs from above named "thorough-bred" fowls at REASONABLE PRICES. WRITE FOR PRICE LIST. A. S. MILLER, Easton, N. J.

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Men's Small Wear. Gent's 4-ply linen collars, \$1.60 per doz. or 15c. each. Gent's 4-ply linen cuffs, \$3.25 per doz. or 30c. per pair. Gent's Magnum Bonum dress shirts, the best in the world at \$1.00.

LARGE STOCK OF FINE DRESS SHIRTS AT A GREAT REDUCTION. PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED. CALL AND EXAMINE. Respectfully, **J. T. NUSBAUM & SON.** April 6, 78

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BOOK is newest and most popular work, with wedding of instruction and amusement also, a list of all the battles, wars and where fought, during the war, for a cent stamp. Address, **DIAMOND & CO.,** 915 Race St., Philadelphia. 1878-79